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**SALT LAKE WANTS SUGAR.**

One long and loud complaint comes out of Salt Lake. It seems that the sugar companies have zones of marketing which are well defined. So when the Amalgamated Sugar Company of Ogden recently released 2500 bags of sugar at \$13.73 a bag and none of the sugar was distributed in Salt Lake, the consumers in the capital, who are paying \$25.25 a hundred pounds, made a vigorous protest and demanded relief.

The Amalgamated people replied that, inasmuch as Salt Lake is in Utah-Idaho sugar company territory, they felt no obligation rested on them to quiet the clamor.

James Astle, secretary of the Utah-Idaho Wholesale Grocers' Association, made this statement yesterday:

"Requests from retail houses for this sugar have poured in upon local jobbers. Salt Lake consumers have been waiting for an opportunity to purchase some of this cheap sugar. This is a false hope. Four hundred bags of this sugar was allotted to Salt Lake jobbers, but the consignment is to be sold in Amalgamated territory, which does not extend farther south than Ogden. Salt Lake is in the territory of the Utah-Idaho Sugar company. The sugar allotted to Salt Lake firms has practically all been sold within the Amalgamated territory. Beet sugar is selling to Salt Lake retailers at \$24.50 a bag and cane at \$24.60."

Stephen H. Love, sales manager of the Utah-Idaho Sugar company, said that the Utah-Idaho company was under no agreement that would keep the sugar allotted by the Amalgamated out of Salt Lake.

"As far as the Utah-Idaho is concerned, the company is not trying to have the sugar barred from Salt Lake, and is under no agreement with the Amalgamated which prohibits that company from selling its product here," he declared.

Ogden jobbers are now accepting their allotments of the sugar placed on the market at \$13.73 by the Amalgamated Sugar company, according to Floyd T. Jackson, special agent, acting in charge of the Salt Lake office of the bureau of investigation of the United States department of justice. The sugar is selling to the consumer at 16 cents a pound.

There is one defect in the method of distribution of the sugar allotted to Ogden and other towns in Amalgamated territory. Restrictions should be enforced to prevent the sugar going out of this district and thereby failing to reach the homes.

From now on the sugar company should insist on the policy adopted by the Western Sugar Company in Colorado, where the consumers are receiving 15-cent sugar and where all dealers are required to prove that their allotments are not being speculated in to the embarrassment of the homes of Colorado.

The sugar being distributed should be exclusively for local consumption and not for speculative purposes.

**GETTING READY FOR ANOTHER WAR.**

Continuing secret experiments, European countries are said to have attained results far in advance of scientific destructiveness employed at the time of the armistice.

Prof. Frederik Soddy of the Oxford museum, is quoted as declaring every country imagines itself to be ahead of the other groups, and thus reliance on war is retained.

One reason the kaiser ordered the attack at the end of July, 1914, is that he thought his high explosive shells and big guns, with an endless number of machine guns and poison gas could open the way to Paris within a month and allow the return of his troops by Christmas. But he, like many an over-ambitious ruler, failed to correctly estimate the resisting power of a country as small as Belgium, or the improving ingenuity of the French.

Before the war ended, there had been a complete reply made to the high explosive shells, the big guns and gas.

America at the close had made a gas which was the deadliest of poisons. An army officer of high rank informed the Standard-Examiner that had the conflict gone on 30 days longer, a gas attack by air would have been made on Berlin and the experts had predicted the wiping out of a large percentage of the inhabitants. The formula was kept a profound secret and, when the struggle ended, the gas in its steel containers was sunk in the Atlantic. Will this gas be used in the next war, or will the nations from now on hold to the international agreements and class the poison as beyond the pale of civilized warfare? The Teutons held to the position that all is fair in love and war. They made use of every weapon, regardless of the rules which had been prescribed for humane warfare, and, at first, gained a considerable advantage by employing liquid fire bombing cities and releasing clouds of poison.

There always will be a temptation for a well prepared nation to ignore any restrictions in the making of war.

America is so organized politically as to be incapable of carrying on the secret military work of a monarchy. There are too many radical changes in government and access to all our experiments is easily obtained by the intelligence agents of other nations.

**RAILROAD RATES TO BE INCREASED.**

Serving notice that freight rates must be increased to care for increases in railroad wages, E. T. Whiter, chairman of the conference committee of the railroad managers, forecasts an advance in rates of from 28 per cent to 35 per cent. He admitted that certain branches of railroad work were on too low a wage level and, therefore, he favored a higher scale of pay.

This virtually is giving notice that an advance in freight rates of approximately one-third is to be expected.

While this big increase is being planned, our intermountain freight bureaus should serve notice that the old inequalities in schedules, which have operated to the injury of the industries of this region, must be eliminated. Now is the time to force out the discrimination practiced ever since the railroads were constructed.

The interior districts of the west are willing to pay in the same proportion as other districts do for service rendered under similar conditions, but no more.

We are a supine people, if we do not urge with effectiveness the readjustment of railroad rates on a basis of square dealing.

Discrimination was so long accepted without organized and persistent protest that the railroads at last resented any effort on the part of the intermountain country to obtain rights freely granted to other parts of the country.

Now that the railroads are applying for higher tariffs on the score of justice, the west should compel them to come into court with clean hands, made so by the according of justice to this region.

When might was right, as it had been in the past, the only recourse was commercial pressure, but today, with that attitude abandoned, the railroads can be required to abide by their own rule of conduct. If they are not willing and ready to grant justice, they cannot with convincing argument support their request for justice.

**HEALTH**

Don't go into the water until you know how deep it is.  
Get some competent swimmer to wade over a certain area to locate any holes, "step-offs," quicksand, or mud that will not sustain the bathers' weight, even in water. Then confine yourself to this area.

Be careful not to get beyond your depth when learning to swim. Imitate the minnow and swim close to the shore. Above all things do not exhaust yourself. Take it easy.

Endeavor to have a good, strong swimmer in the party.

**Rescuing the Drowning.**  
Do not attempt the impossible in trying to rescue a drowning person. If the water is deep, or the surf strong, endeavor to throw a rope, plank or log to the drowning person. When you go to the rescue of a drowning person, endeavor to reassure and calm him by telling him you will be able to save him. If the person is "wild," grasping frantically for something to hold on to, keep at a safe distance until he tires and then swim in close enough to grasp him by the hair. Turn him on his back and swim for the shore, or, if help is near at hand, simply keep afloat until it reaches you.

If the person has gone down before you reach the spot, dive for him. Frequently the exact spot may be located by rising bubbles. Grasp the hair of his head, using the other arm and feet to rise to the surface.

**Artificial Respiration.**  
Artificial respiration will frequently restore an apparently drowned person. You should learn how to perform this very important life-saving measure. First, however, get the water out of the patient's lungs. When you reach the shore, lay the patient on his ab-



domen. Straddle his back and place the hands under the lower part of the abdomen. Lift the hips and abdomen until the water in the lungs runs out of the mouth.

The operator kneels astride the patient's back and places his hands, close together, one on each side of the back, at the region of the short ribs, or "small" of the back. The operator leans forward and throws his weight on his hands. This presses the lower part of the chest against the ground and the contents of the belly up against the lungs. This forces the air out of the lungs. The pressure is to be applied quite firmly, but not roughly. The operator then takes the weight from his hands. The removal of pressure permits the chest to expand and this draws air into the lungs. After waiting about three seconds to allow the fresh air to become mixed with the blood, the operator repeats the process. The movements should be performed at the rate of about 12 to 14 per minute, the pressure at the small of the back being applied for about one second, another second allowed for the chest to expand and about three seconds allowed for the air to mix with the blood. This allows five seconds for each cycle.

When the patient begins to breathe without artificial respiration, he should be turned on his back and stimulants administered. The body should be made warm and the limbs vigorously rubbed and warmed.

**DERBY CANCELED AS FEW ENTRIES MADE**  
CHICAGO, May 18.—The \$10,000 American derby, on the program of the grand circuit at Reedville, on August first has been called off, it was announced today. Entries which closed ten days ago were too few to warrant a renewal this year.

**SENTENCED TO 25 SECONDS.**  
(By International News Service.)  
CHICAGO, May 15.—A sentence of twenty-five seconds was imposed by Judge Landis in the Federal Court today on Jesse Nash, a negro, charged with tampering with the mails. Nash walked to the door as a prisoner; the deputy marshal opened the door for him; the judge said "Time's up!" and the negro was set free.

Nash admitted having opened his wife's letters. After reading them Judge Landis imposed the sentence.

**VESSELS TIED UP**  
BALTIMORE, May 18.—As a result of the railroad tie up and the inability to get cars here, many vessels are delayed in that port and shipping is greatly hampered. There are 141 vessels tied up in port, awaiting either cargoes, fuel oil or bunker coal.

**ITCHING PIMPLES ON CHILD'S FACE**  
And Legs. Very Irritable and Would Scratch. Cuticura Heals.

"My little boy was broken out all over his face and legs with pimples. The pimples were scaly and itched dreadfully, causing him to become very irritable. He would scratch and make them bleed and his face was disfigured."

"I used a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, then purchased one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment. I used the Soap and Ointment every night until he was entirely healed."

(Signed) Mrs. Edith Kling, 1511 16th St., Santa Monica, Calif., Aug. 4, 1919.

Daily use of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum usually prevent skin troubles.

Sample sent free by mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. B, Malden, Mass." Sold every-where. Soap and Ointment in one package. Cuticura Soap always without mess.

**DR. VANCE'S DAILY ARTICLE**

By DR. JAMES I. VANCE.  
Founder of Inter-Church World Movement and Chairman, Federal Council of Churches of America.

Child-life is freer than it used to be. Is it too free? We hear much of allowing personality to develop untrammelled. By this it is usually meant that anything like a serious effort on the part of parents to control their children is both unscientific and unethical.

The result is a generation restless of any kind of restraint, deciding moral issues according to the whims of the moment, and respecting law only when it happens not to interfere with personal liberty.

Is it to be wondered at that we have outbreaks of lawlessness? They are not accidental. They are produced by an adequate cause. They mark back to a condition of anarchy in the home. If people are not taught obedience in childhood, they are not likely to acquire it after life. If respect for authority is not instilled during the formative period of life, it will have little chance when the discipline has hardened itself against new impressions.

To be of value, a child must be broken to harness on to society. To make good citizens you must start with babies.

It is not more people the world needs, but people who can practice self-control, and treat their neighbors decently. If this kind of population is produced, motherhood must take a hand in training up the child in the way it should go.

Parental responsibility has become a joke. Parents have little control over their children today. It is not parental authority, but parental acrimony, that is found in many a home, and has been revised. Instead of Honor thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long upon the land, which the Lord thy God giveth thee, it is "Parents, be careful not to cross your children, lest they make it hot for you when their wrath is kindled but a little."

No one is fit to rule who has not learned to obey. A home in which children disobey their parents is a poor school in which to educate the future citizens of this nation.

**35 GOVERNORS PICKED IN FALL**  
Thirty-two U. S. Senators Will Also Be Chosen in Next Elections

CHICAGO, May 18.—Thirty-five states will elect governors next fall at the time when the president and vice president are chosen. Thirty-two United States senators, to take office March 4, 1921, also are to be selected. Of the governors whose terms expire next year, twenty-two are Republicans and thirteen Democrats; while 17 of the 32 senators are Democrats and fifteen Republicans.

The 35 governorships to be filled offer a wide range, both in terms and salaries. Among the state executives whose terms expire are Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, the highest paid governor in the country; and S. R. McElvie, of Nebraska, the poorest paid. Mr. Lowden receives \$12,000 yearly for a four-year term and McElvie \$2,500 annually for two years. Only twelve of the 35 will receive over \$5,000 a year; and five will be paid \$3,000 or less.

Governor Coolidge, of Massachusetts, whose position carries a \$10,000 salary, is the only governor in the country elected for one year. All other states have either two or four-year terms.

Territorial governors are better paid than the average state executive and two of the four are appointed for indefinite terms, with the result that they remain in office as long as a rule, as the president who named them.

Francis Burton Harrison, governor general of the Philippines, tops the list of territorial executives with an indefinite term and a \$20,000 yearly salary. Arthur Yager, governor of Porto Rico, receives \$10,000 and is appointed for an indefinite term. Governor Thomas Riggs, Jr., of Alaska, and C. J. McCarthy, of Hawaii, each received annual salaries of \$7,000 during their four-year terms.

Among the state which elect governors this year, with the incumbent, his politics, salary and term of office, are:

Arizona, T. E. Campbell, Republican, \$6,500, 2 years.  
Colorado, O. H. Shoup, Republican, \$5,000, 2 years.  
Idaho, D. W. Davis, Republican, \$5,000, 2 years.  
Montana, S. V. Stewart, Democrat, \$7,500, 4 years.  
Utah, S. Bamberger, Democrat, \$6,000, 4 years.

**FRENCH ORGANIZATIONS TO CARE FOR AMERICAN GRAVES**  
(By International News Service.)  
PARIS, May 15.—Three French organizations, with large memberships, have united in a movement the object of which is to care for the remains of American dead in France and to assist relatives who come from the United States to visit soldier graves.

An organization known as "French Homes" initiated the movement. The French Red Cross and the Society of Liberated Villages have just announced their support and are soliciting funds.

The three organizations plan to establish permanent posts in villages near each of the principal American cemeteries. These posts will be in charge of French women speaking English, who will help locate graves and do everything to assist the visitors, as well as looking after the care of the cemeteries themselves.

**MUST BE READY.**  
CHICAGO, May 18.—Counsel in the James C. Kling will case were ordered by Judge J. E. Bellows to draw up an agreement. If the plaintiffs are not prepared for trial by June 21, the suit will be dismissed. He had granted a continuance from May 3 to May 17, and granted another continuance today because Mrs. Mary C. Nelson of New York and Gaston B. Means were unable to appear in court.

**VISIBLE GRAIN SUPPLY.**  
NEW YORK, May 18.—The visible supply of American and bonded grain shows the following changes:  
Wheat, decreased, 2,095,000 bushels; corn, decreased, 473,000; oats, decreased, 184,000; rye, increased, 229,000; barley, increased, 250,000.

**DIVORCE LAW LEAGUE.**  
LOS ANGELES, May 18.—The uniform marriage and divorce law league, with adoption of an amendment to the federal constitution giving the United States government jurisdiction over marriage and divorce as its chief object, was formed here by Superior Court Judge and attorney Mrs. Georgia P. Bullock, a vice-president of the National Women's Lawyers' Association was elected chairman.

Since Cortez first discovered cocoa in Mexico, it has spread through the tropical regions of South America, and through Africa and the East Indies.

position has hardened itself against new impressions. To be of value, a child must be broken to harness on to society. To make good citizens you must start with babies.

It is not more people the world needs, but people who can practice self-control, and treat their neighbors decently. If this kind of population is produced, motherhood must take a hand in training up the child in the way it should go.

Parental responsibility has become a joke. Parents have little control over their children today. It is not parental authority, but parental acrimony, that is found in many a home, and has been revised. Instead of Honor thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long upon the land, which the Lord thy God giveth thee, it is "Parents, be careful not to cross your children, lest they make it hot for you when their wrath is kindled but a little."

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**FRENCH SEIZE JEWELS OF AMERICAN WOMAN**

CHERBOURG, May 18.—It was learned today that jewels valued at a million francs, seized on the steamer Adriatic Saturday, as the vessel was to sail for New York, were taken from Madame Treadwell, sister of Madame Frances De Munn, who died recently at Neuilly.

Madame Treadwell, according to the steamer's passenger list, is accompanying the body of Madame De Munn, who was Frances Scovel, of Seneca, Kans., before her marriage to Baron Walter De Munn, French vine grower of German birth who resumed his German citizenship when the war broke out. His property in France was seized and Madame De Munn had her American citizenship restored in October to protect her interests in them. The jewels taken from Madame Treadwell were deposited in the bank of France, pending an investigation of their ownership. Madame Treadwell, according to the authorities, declared the jewels were her own property.

**BELIEVE BRITISH FOOD PRICES GOING HIGHER**

LONDON, May 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—The cost of food up to May 1 had risen to 146 per cent above the pre-war level, and there is a prospect of its going still higher, says C. A. McCurdy, minister of food, in an official statement tonight. He, however, points out that the price of food in England is still lower than in France, Italy and Sweden and says it is not much higher than in the United States.

**As it Looks to Me**  
By The Inspector

WASHINGTON—The Senate is so little concerned with the nation's welfare that it is scarcely possible now to get a committee together.

There is so much absenteeism that Senator Borah of Idaho, who introduced a resolution the other day for an investigation of campaign contributions, has been forced to ask that

his resolution be transferred from one committee to another.

The reason? So many senators are absent from their duties that it has been impossible to get a quorum of the committee to consider the resolution in the committee to which it was originally referred.

"Mr. President," said Borah, "a few days ago I offered a resolution calling for an investigation of campaign expenditures, concerning which I wish to say a word in no sense reflecting upon the committee, for I do not intend to reflect upon it," he explained. (This is a species of quite usual camouflage, technically known as "Senatorial Courtesy.")

"It is pretty difficult," he went on, "to get a majority of any committee in session now owing to the absence of so many senators. Therefore, without intending to reflect upon the committee on privileges and elections, and for the reason that it is difficult to get a majority of the committee assembled, I ask unanimous consent that this committee be discharged from the further consideration of Senate Resolution No. 357, and that it be brought to the floor of the Senate in order that I may have it referred to where it has to go in any event, namely, to the committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the Senate."

The Senate gave consent.

**LITTLE BENNY'S Note Book**  
By LEE PAPE

I bought a majigger at Mommy Simmines store yesterday afternoon, being a trick majigger with a rubber ball on the end of a rubber tube and a flat rubber thing on the other end, the trick being to put the flat thing under the table cloth, wave sunbobs plate is going to be and then squeeze the ball and make the plate go up and down as it was wanted. Wich I put it under pops plate and left the rubber ball hanging down under the table cloth by my place, and wen the bell rang for supper pop came in and sat down, saying, I feel all shaky today, I believe live bin working too hard, ill haff to cut it out.

And as soon as he started to eat I gave the ball 2 squeezes and pops plate went up and down twice, and pop quick pushed his chair back and looked at the plate, and ma sed, Wat is it, Willyum, wats the matter?

Nothing, sed pop. And he started to eat and jest as he was going to eat a lot of peez on his fork I quick squeeze the ball again and pops plate went up and down once, and all the peez went off the fork and pop quick grabbed up his plate and looked under it without seeing anything on account of the flat thing being all the way under the table cloth, and ma sed, For mersy sake, Willyum, wat are you doing?

Nothing, cant a man pick up his own plate if he wants to? sed pop, and sed, And look at those peez all over the table cloth.

Look at them yourself, sed pop. Wich jest then I made his plate go up and down 3 times, and ma sed, My goodness, Willyum, wat ales your plate? and pop sed, O, you see it too, thank hevvin. And he looked at me and I looked ignorant, and he picked up his plate and the table cloth and everything and I had to go rite to bed without hardly anything in my stomach yet but 3 pork chops and 2 helps of mash potatoes and about 40 peez.

**MAP MAKER DIES.**  
BUDAPEST, May 17.—Louis Louis, 73, expert map maker for the Hungarian Peace delegation, died today. Death was said to have been due to worry and overwork.

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**A Roof Guaranteed for 10 or 20 years**

Guaranteed, not by an individual who may go out of business in a year or two, but by a \$5,000,000 corporation—one of the oldest and best-known business institutions in the West—a firm of unquestioned reliability. Here is a roof that positively relieves owner, architect and contractor alike of all annoyance, responsibility and uncertainty.

**PABCO 10 and 20 YEAR Built-up Roofs**

are constructed on the building itself. Successive layers of saturated roofing felt and ready roofing are cemented together with hot Floatine—our special roofing asphaltum—and the top surface of this built-up roof is finally given a flood-coat of hot Floatine in which is embedded clean, dry gravel. All angles and corners are stoutly reinforced and edges securely joined to walls and projections.

PABCO Built-Up Roofs are applied by us or by reliable roofing contractors approved by us, and strictly according to our rigid specifications. After a thorough inspection, each roof is guaranteed in writing against defects in materials and workmanship for 10 or 20 years—10 years for one type of specification, 20 years for the other.

The importance of the best roofs for permanent buildings cannot be overestimated. PABCO 10 and 20 Year Roofs are built especially for permanence and protection. They are cheapest because of long service and freedom from after expense and trouble.

Write us for complete specifications and full details.

**THE PARAFFINE COMPANIES, INC.**  
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**SPERRY FLOUR CO.'S NEW MILL**  
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Covered with Pabco 20-year Built-Up Roof

Following are a few prominent buildings covered with Pabco 10 and 20 Year Roofs:

Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco  
Emporium, San Francisco  
San Francisco Civic Center  
City Hall, Library, Auditorium  
Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp. (Twine Shop)  
Alameda, Calif.  
Moore Shipbuilding Plant, Oakland, Calif.  
Technical High School, Oakland, Calif.  
New Academy of Sciences, San Francisco  
Akers Milling Co.'s New Mill, Oakland, Calif.  
A. B. Spreckels Residence, San Francisco

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Fibre Containers